State PSC

Pre + Mains

Uttar Pradesh Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM	**Bihar** Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM
Odisha Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM	**Punjab** Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM
Jammu & Kashmir Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM	**Haryana** Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM
Assam Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM	**Madhya Pradesh** Batch Starting On 5th Jan '24 | 8:00 AM

STUDY IQ PCS

NEW YEAR SALE

Valid Till 2nd Jan '24

Live

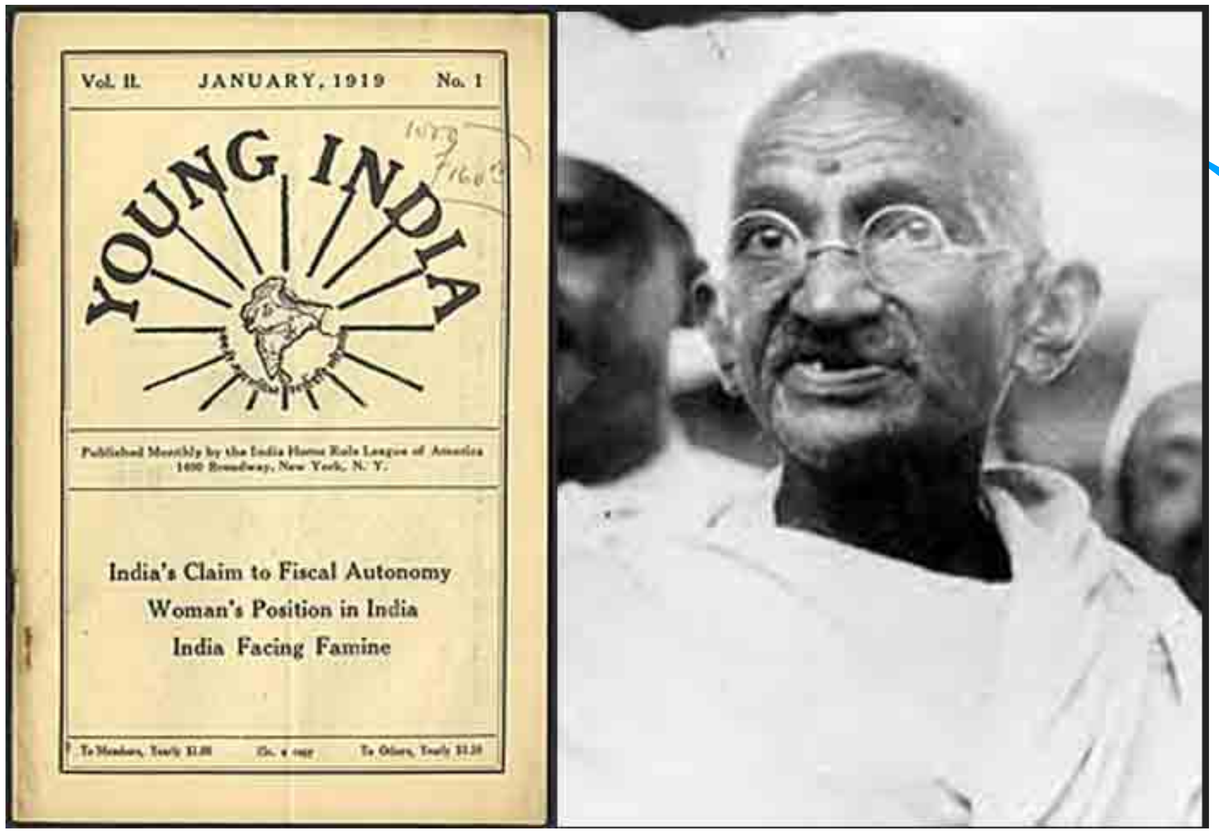
FOUNDATION SAMPOORNA BATCH 2

Use Code **NY24**

Price: ~~17,999~~

₹14,999

Women SHGs in Odisha


Vol. II. JANUARY, 1919 No. 1
YOUNG INDIA
Published Monthly by the India Home Rule League of America
1400 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
India's Claim to Fiscal Autonomy
Woman's Position in India
India Facing Famine

Millions of women in our hamlets know what unemployment means... Give them access to economic activities and they will have access to power and self- confidence to which they hitherto have been strangers," said Mahatma Gandhi in Young India (1930).

- Although women constitute almost half of India’s population of 1.4 billion, they are largely excluded from participating in economic activities and decision-making, as well as access to resources of health, nutrition, education, etc.
- This exclusion and discrimination is reflected in low female labour force participation rates, with India recording a meagre 22.3% in 2021 in comparison with 30.3% in 1990.
- Even though working women account for approximately 432 million, about 343 million are not in paid formal job roles or work. An estimated 324 million of them are not in the labour force; and another 19 million are part of the labour force but not employed.

Current situation

Social obstruction

- As a society with deep-rooted patriarchy, even if women want to attain employment, the dominant tradition of female domestic responsibility coupled with social stigma limits their economic advancement and access to opportunities in comparison with their male equivalents.

- An SHG comprises a small group of women who come together to make regular monetary contributions.
- Emerging as important micro-finance systems, SHGs work as platforms that promote solidarity among women, bringing them together on issues of health, nutrition, gender parity and gender justice.
- SHGs have already made a significant contribution in developing entrepreneurship aptitudes among rural women by enhancing their skills and giving them a chance to engage in various entrepreneurial activities.

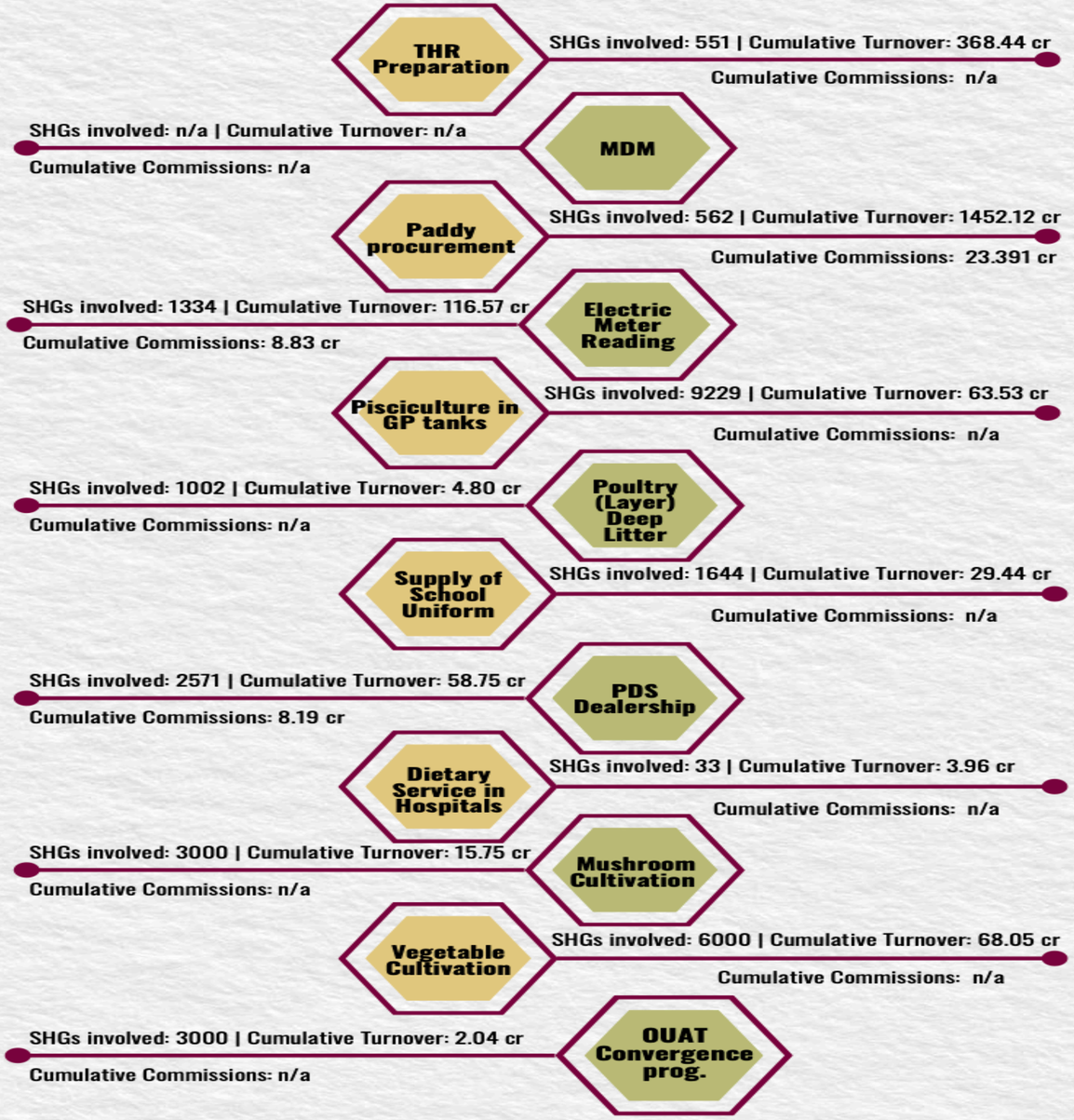
Self-Help Groups

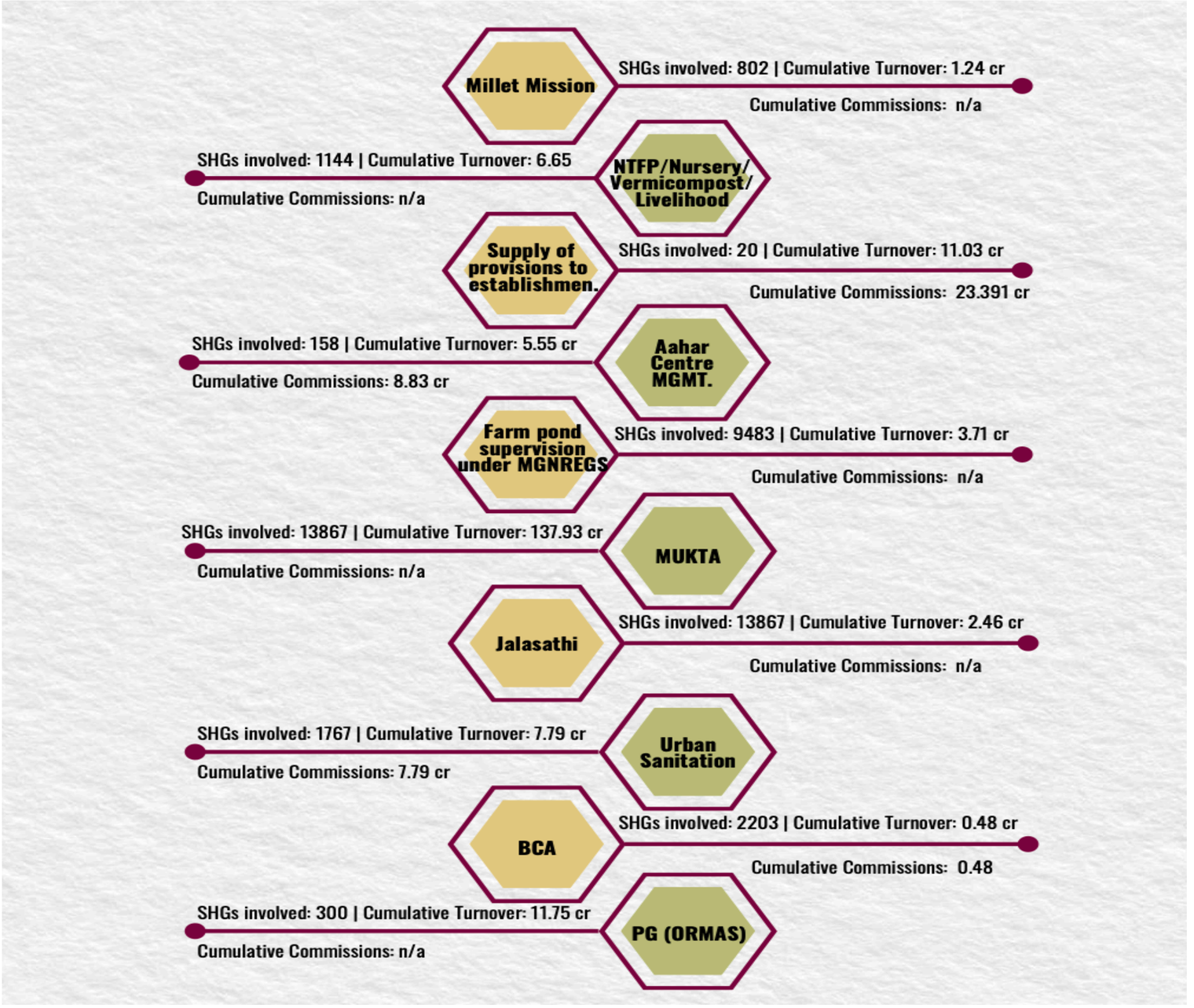
SHGs in Odisha

- six lakh women self help groups (SHGs) in the state engaged in a number of economic activities that are not only a source of income for them but also contribute significantly to the development of the state
- The Odisha Government will soon transform Women’s Self-Help Groups into Small & Medium Enterprises (SMEs)
- Odisha Cabinet had decided to procure goods and services worth 5000 crores from SHGs in five years

- a special office building with a market complex will be built for the Federation at the Panchayat level.
- To realize the goal of making women entrepreneurs, small industrial parks will be set up in all 30 districts to encourage women’s entrepreneurship.
- **Mission Shakti**, which started in 2001, has become a huge force of seventy lakh empowered women of Odisha.

Income Generating Activities (IGA) Report (upto March 2022)


THR Preparation
SHGs involved: 551 | Cumulative Turnover: 368.44 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
MDM
SHGs involved: n/a | Cumulative Turnover: n/a
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Paddy procurement
SHGs involved: 562 | Cumulative Turnover: 1452.12 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 23.391 cr
Electric Meter Reading
SHGs involved: 1334 | Cumulative Turnover: 116.57 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 8.83 cr
Pisciculture in GP tanks
SHGs involved: 9229 | Cumulative Turnover: 63.53 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Poultry (Layer) Deep Litter
SHGs involved: 1002 | Cumulative Turnover: 4.80 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Supply of School Uniform
SHGs involved: 1644 | Cumulative Turnover: 29.44 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
PDS Dealership
SHGs involved: 2571 | Cumulative Turnover: 58.75 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 8.19 cr
Dietary Service in Hospitals
SHGs involved: 33 | Cumulative Turnover: 3.96 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Mushroom Cultivation
SHGs involved: 3000 | Cumulative Turnover: 15.75 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Vegetable Cultivation
SHGs involved: 6000 | Cumulative Turnover: 68.05 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
OUAT Convergence prog.
SHGs involved: 3000 | Cumulative Turnover: 2.04 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a


Millet Mission
SHGs involved: 802 | Cumulative Turnover: 1.24 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
NTFP/Nursery/ Vermicompost/ Livelihood
SHGs involved: 1144 | Cumulative Turnover: 6.65
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Supply of provisions to establishmen.
SHGs involved: 20 | Cumulative Turnover: 11.03 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 23.391 cr
Aahar Centre MGMT.
SHGs involved: 158 | Cumulative Turnover: 5.55 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 8.83 cr
Farm pond supervision under MGNREGS
SHGs involved: 9483 | Cumulative Turnover: 3.71 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
MUKTA
SHGs involved: 13867 | Cumulative Turnover: 137.93 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Jalasathi
SHGs involved: 13867 | Cumulative Turnover: 2.46 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a
Urban Sanitation
SHGs involved: 1767 | Cumulative Turnover: 7.79 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 7.79 cr
BCA
SHGs involved: 2203 | Cumulative Turnover: 0.48 cr
Cumulative Commissions: 0.48
PG (ORMAS)
SHGs involved: 300 | Cumulative Turnover: 11.75 cr
Cumulative Commissions: n/a

- empowered the rural and tribal women and inculcated the leadership skill among them. Consequently, highly empowered rural women actively participate in gram sabha and elections.
- Formation of Mission Shakti SHGs has a multiplier effect in improving women's status in the family as well as at community level, leading to improvement in their socio-economic condition and enhances their self-esteem.

Achievements

- Participation in the SHG has enabled the women and rural households to invest on education, health and hygiene.
- The financial inclusion attained through Mission Shakti SHGs has reduced child and maternal mortality and enhanced the capability of the rural women to combat diseases through better nutrition, housing and health.
- Involvement in the Mission Shakti SHG encourages saving among group members and access to financial institutions.

Challenges

- Lack of knowledge and proper orientation among SHG members to initiate suitable and profitable livelihood/income generating activities.
- Sustainability and the quality of operation of SHGs in terms of regular saving and repayment is a major concern.
- Only a few self-help groups are able to raise themselves from a level of a micro-credit to micro-entrepreneurship.

- Mission Shakti assisted women self-help groups are largely dependent on their implementation support agencies (ISAs). The self-help groups undertake income generating activities in consultation with the anganwadi workers, community resource persons, block and district coordinators of Mission Shakti. Withdrawal of support to the self-help groups many lead to the disintegration of the group.

POLICY SUGGESTION

- Mission Shakti personnels should encourage the rural community to strengthen their traditional skills.
- There is a dire need to develop market linkage between potential buyers and SHGs to create economies of scale.
- It is also suggested that the financial institutions should disburse credit to the active self-help groups based upon the income generating activities undertaken, rather than the amount of saving reflected in their passbook.

- Training of Trainers (ToT) should be organized frequently for Anganwadi workers, Community Resource Persons, Block and District Project Coordinator in order to disseminate knowledge and skills to the SHG in the dynamic contexts.
- Skill development training towards nurturing different skills (trade specific skills, entrepreneurial skills, managerial skills and supervisory skills) could possibly increase the scope for employability of the tribal and rural women self-help group members

thank you